

In the universe, all matter that matters consists of elemental atoms. The intrinsic energy of each elemental atom decays as it ages, some of which is stored as potential energy by converting to additional mass within the existing element and the rest to an entropy that heats the elemental mass. The abundance elements that form each celestial body grow and heat that body in situ. Growing elements (atoms) expands volumes and orbits per Newton's inverse square law. The "mechanism" for growing matter is sourced in $E = mc^2$.

Entropy is heat or energy change per degree Kelvin temperature.

Unknown knowns

Donald Rumsfeld once remarked, "Reports that say that something hasn't happened are always interesting to me, because as we know, there are known knowns; there are things we know that we know. There are known unknowns; that is to say, there are things that we now know we don't know. But there are also unknown unknowns – there are things we do not know we don't know."

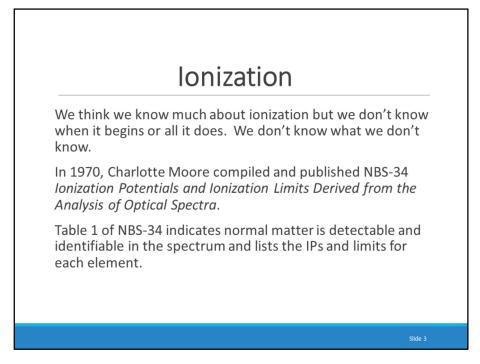
Missing is unknown knowns...things we don't know that consensus says we do know.

Consensus says matter is unchanging.... atoms cannot change size.

Consensus says the ocean floor is subducting...less dense matter is piercing more dense matter to recycle in the mantle of a constant radius earth.

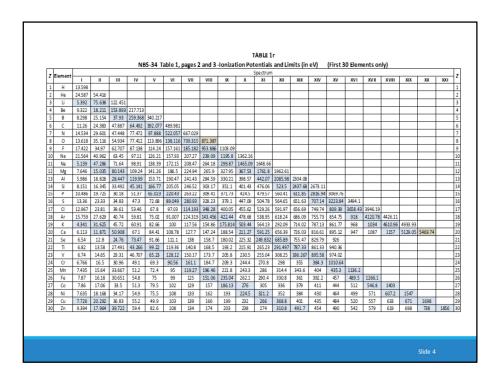
In the universe, all matter consists of elemental atoms. We can "see" most elements, but not their atoms. All elements are different from one another as are their atoms.

The word "atom" is generic and means uncutable; it does not mean unchangeable.



The link to NBS-34 is here: https://digital.library.unt.edu/ark:/67531/metadc100707/m1/1

The first 30 elements from Charlotte Moore's Table 1 is next.



Ionization Potentials (IPs) are energy levels in electron volts when an element has the potential to join other elements. (Chemical).

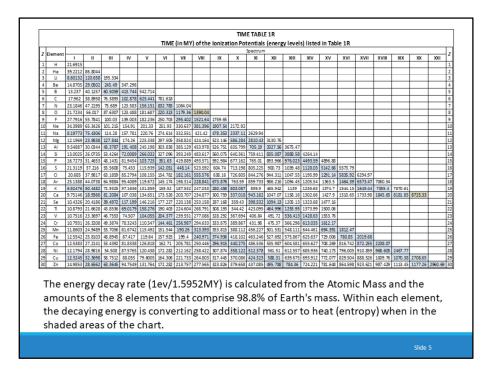
Much can be gleaned from this table of ionization potentials.

First and foremost... energy is contained within each element as an inherent property with matter defined as a unit of energetic elemental mass

The first time an element ionizes, it becomes normal matter and its intrinsic energy begins to decay (age). Exceeding the highest IP level listed (blank spaces) indicates such element is undetectable and existed as **dark matter** from the time of its inception. The initial ionization of an element (the time of largest IP is when (undetectable) dark matter becomes normal matter (spectra-detectable) for that element. Presently, all the elements have ionized; hence, there is no remaining dark matter when considering all matter in the universe consists of elemental atoms. Once an element becomes normal matter, it can only revert to dark matter when its intrinsic energy is exhausted.

Reading the chart from left to right = present to past. From right to left = past to present.

Notice the small incremental jumps between the IPs that suddenly becomes a large jump (highlighted). This anomaly pattern signifies a major change.



The Ionization Potentials provide the data for finding an energy **rate of decay** (of celestial bodies) by utilizing the atomic mass, the quantity percentages of the mixture, and an exponential doubling equation $y^x = 2$. This method was discussed at the CNPS 2016 conference in College Park, MD and can be found on the first two pages of the Ionic Growing Earth (8-element supplement) paper on my website- <u>https://ionic-expanding-earth.weebly.com/</u>

On earth, one electron volt decays every ~1.5952 million years. Multiplying each IP by the rate of decay will determine the time of occurrence as shown on this Time Table. For example, calcium was the first element to ionize ~8800 mya, oxygen initially ionized ~1400 mya, and hydrogen was the last ~22 mya.

[Added July 2021] The initial ionization of calcium brought the first photon of normal elemental matter into the universe ~8.8 billion years ago. This means older elemental matter is undetectable by spectral analysis and existed as dark matter.

Abundance & Decay Rates of Earth, Moon, and Sun

8 elements make up 98.8% of earth's matter O-30.1%, Fe-32.1%, Si-15.1%, Mg-13.1%, S-2.9%, Al-1.4%, Ni-1.8%, & Ca-1.5%

[1 eV / 1.5952 my]

6 elements make up 99.0% of the moon's matter O-60.9%, Fe-2.3%, Si-16.4%, Mg-4.2%, Al-9.4%, & Ca-5.8% **[1 eV/ 2.0348 my]**

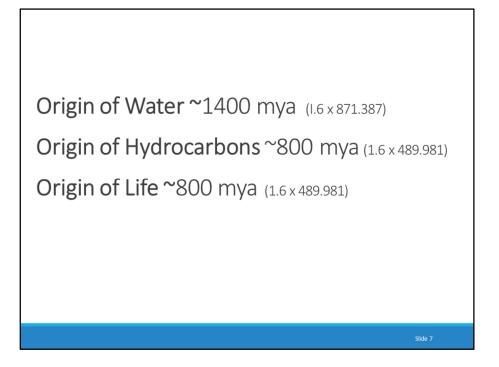
5 elements make up 99.57% of the sun's matter H-71.0%, He-27.1%, C-0.4%, O-0.97%, & Si-0.1% [1 eV / 8.29 my]

[Added July 2021] [Edited] The decay rate is also an ageing rate that can be clocked in the spectrum. For instance, the age of the universe divided by earth's ageing rate (13.6 E 9 / 1.6 E 6) yields 8500 eV which falls within the x-ray range as does the 4.5 billion year earth age (2800 eV) or even an age of 2 billion years (1250 eV). No life could exist or survive in an x-ray or gamma ray environment. 200 million years ago, when the dinosaurs lived, the ambient energy level was 125 eV (200 E 6 / 1.6 E 6) in the ultraviolet sector which means the dinosaurs could have had ultraviolet vision. One could then speculate the dinosaur's demise ~65 million years ago to the spectra transition from ultraviolet to visible light (65 E 6 / 1.6 E 6 = 40.63 eV). The dinosaurs were blinded by the light. However, the sun's ageing rate (1 eV / 8.29 MY) indicates the ambient ultraviolet earth was receiving infrared emissions from the sun well before the existence of dinosaurs (250 Ma -65 Ma)

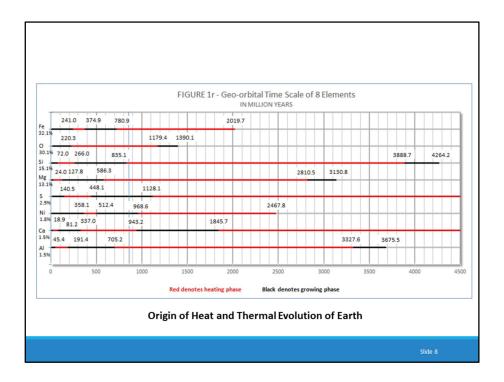
Nevertheless, the pertinent "Big Bang" question is..."Why is the related gamma age of the spectrum older than the beginning of the universe in the x-ray range?"

Perhaps the universe is much older than thought with Nature using gamma ray energy to enable filling the space of an early universe with dark hydrogen via Pair Production. It follows that H + H produced He, H + H + H or He + H produced Li, He + He produced Be, etc., etc., etc.

It should be noted that hydrogen remained dark until it initially ionized ~22 mya.



Knowing when oxygen and carbon first ionizes indicates when water, hydrocarbons, and life began on Earth. Water arrived ~1400 mya to cool a molten crust, gradually in layers from the top down. All life (including bacterial) could not exist until carbon, the last of the 4 Basic Building Blocks (C, H, O, & N) initially ionized.

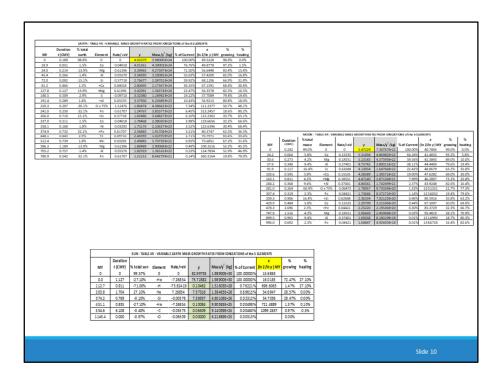


Plotting the IP time of occurrence of the 8 abundance elements with the anomaly time in red reveals the **Origin of the Heat** that was necessary to melt the 32.1% iron that gravitated to the core of a smaller Earth (~800 km. radius). More than half the elements intrinsic energy converts to heating rather than growing. The numbers on the chart are the effective Ionization Potential phase changing times (in million years) indicating the planet was predominately heating until ~850 mya. The IP Limit of oxygen (871.387 eV) indicates water initially formed ~1400 mya.

The same eight elements that started the Earth, heated the Earth for the first **3 to 3.5 billion years** of its existence. This changes everything we think we know older than 700 or 800 million years.

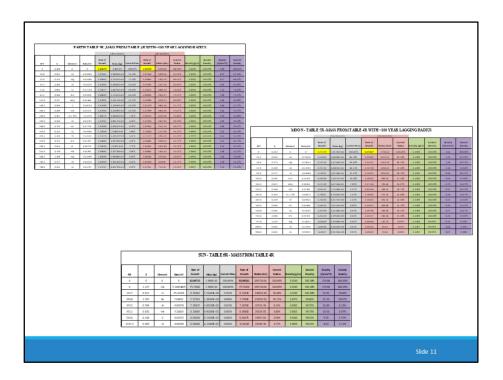


These charts indicate the preponderance of growth on the earth, moon and sun occurred within the last billion years. Each chart essentially connects the respective time to the spectrum via the energy of the electron volt.



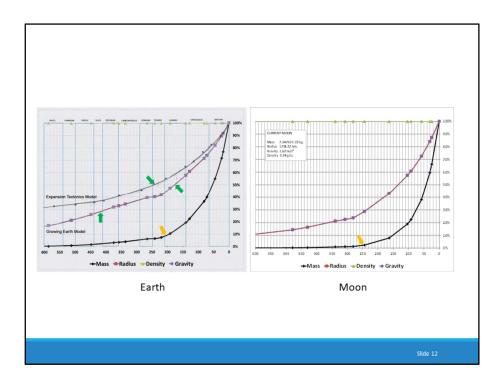
These are the calculation tables of the Earth, Moon, and Sun that basically deducts the heating phases to obtain the resulting growing mass.

The x column, ln 2/ ln y, is the mass doubling time for the years listed in column 1. The doubling rate changes every time an element changes from growing to heating or vice-versa. The Earth's current mass doubling rate is every 49.5 million years while the moon's rate is 40.7 million years. The sun is doubling its large mass every 16 million years or three times faster than the Earth while the smaller moon is growing faster than the Earth.



The left half of Table 5R for each is essentially Table 4R. The right half results when the increasing radius (volume) follows the increasing mass by 100 years. The volume increase always lags the mass increase.

The next two slides are graphs of these data.

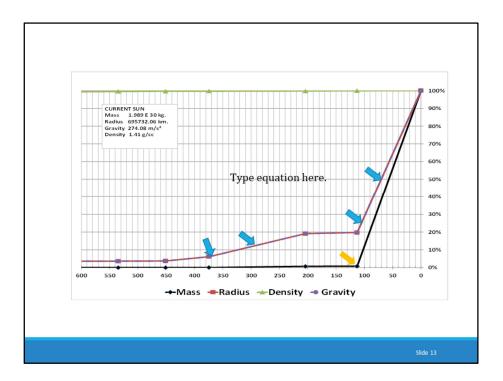


Some interesting points are surmised when comparing the sizes of Earth from James Maxlow's book <u>Beyond Plate Tectonics</u> with the Ionic Growing Earth data.

When the radii from both are plotted as in the earth chart, it is noted that the differences in size until ~250 mya can generally be attributed to the growing continents since the Expansion Tectonics Model only closes the oceans A halving of the radius or gravity is indicated at 50% (175 mya versus 240 mya).

The differences between 250 mya and 600 mya are likely due to the size of the primordial radius, 1700 km versus 800 km, and the time when exponential expansion effectively began (~4500 mya versus ~800 mya). A second halving of the radius is indicated on the IGE curve at 25% around 470 mya. A second halving is not possible with a 1700 km primordial radius.

The 2011 **Nobel Prize** in Physics was awarded to Saul Perlmutter, Brian Schmidt and Adam Riess "for the discovery of the **accelerating expansion** of the **Universe** through observations of distant supernovae". The yellow arrows indicate when accelerating expansion began on the earth (~200 mya) and the moon (250 mya)



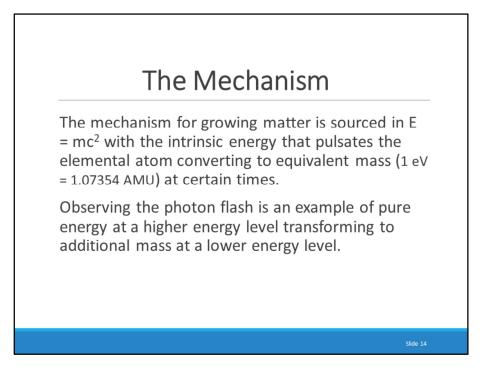
This graph indicates accelerating expansion started on the sun \sim 110 MYA when the 71% hydrogen initially ionized and began to grow.

During that 110 MY period, the sun's radius (and surface gravity) doubled twice, once at 25% ~105 MYA and again at 50% ~70 MYA. The sun's radius also doubled at 12.5% ~300 MYA and at 6.25% ~370 MY when the 27.1% helium was growing between 203 and 451 MYA. The three minority elements are responsible for all growth between 112 and 203 MYA and prior to 451 MYA.

Doubling the mass three times (2^3) will double the radius once, resulting from an eight fold mass increase. Doubling the mass six times (2^6) will double the radius twice, resulting from a sixty-four fold mass increase. Doubling the mass nine times (2^9) will double the radius a third time, resulting from a 512 fold mass increase. Doubling the mass twelve times (2^{12}) will double the radius a fourth time, resulting from a 4096 fold increase. The above graph indicates the sun's radius doubled four times in less than 450 MY.

The overall mass curves are exponential in nature, but the doubling rates between the points do not change and therefore are linear as shown. The oddity of the sun graph when compared to the moon and Earth graphs is due to the break between the helium growing time and the hydrogen growing time when very little expansion occurs (112.7 to 203.8 MYA). This break punctuates and changes the continuity of a curve that employs the identical exponential doubling technique used for the moon and Earth.

Similar punctuated expansions would occur on stars and other celestial bodies predominately composed of hydrogen and helium.



A change in thinking about matter is long overdue. Everything in the observable universe changes with time.

What causes the sun, Earth and moon to grow at accelerating rates? Accelerating expansion is comprehensible, yet unexplainable with unchanging matter.

The problem of Growing Matter stems from a thirteenth century premise that... *the essence of matter is unchanging*. Today, that assumption in the scientific world has become a certainty, meaning...*atoms cannot change in size or numbers*. That <u>certainty</u> leads to confused thinking when considering the exchangeability of energy and matter. If one truly believes that atoms of matter cannot change size, then what is energy converting to in Einstein's famous equation?

Aging causes inherent elemental energy to decay and decay involves a conversion process.

Finding the rate of decay (which is dependent upon the abundance of elements present on a celestial body) allows knowing the time *when* the elemental atoms of such celestial body ionize and *when* they are growing/expanding and *when* they are not. Growing old is the reason elemental atoms, at certain times, are growing larger and ionization is an integral part of such mechanism.

using leap second data from Wikipedia:	
Between 1980 and the end of 2016, there were 18 leap se year period averaging 1 leap second every 2 yrs. Thus, 1 le yrs = 0.5 / 31,557,600 seconds per year = 1.584404391 E-8	eap second / 2
Therefore, the amount of mass required to slow the rotati present mass by one half leap second while conserving an momentum is:	
5.98 E+24 x 1.584404391 E-8 = 9.474738258 E+16 kg/yr.	
This translates to the energy of ~3 million electron volts p ~1.9 E+25 joules per second converting to ~3.3 million to second. Similar quantities have not been demonstrated electromagnetic breaking or any of the wave action mode	ns of mass per by
	Slide

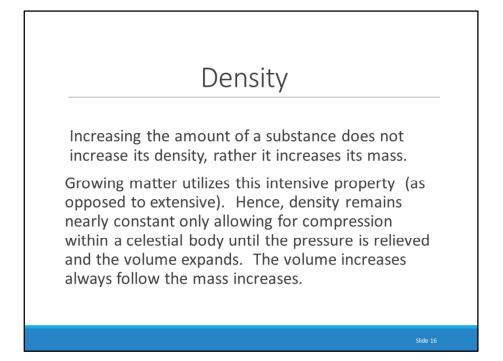
The leap second indicates a slowing of Earth's rotational velocity (spin).

The current mathematical model was derived from LOD (length of day) work by Stephenson and Morrison and is based upon a solar day equaling 86,400 seconds. This model wrongly attributes the slow down to tidal friction and possibly a redistribution of Earth's internal mass, all of which presume a constant mass with some questionable transference of energy and momentum to change orbital motion.

Jack Hohner, on page 15 of his paper: <u>http://dynamicmatter.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/DEFICIENCIES-IN-TIDAL-FRICTION-rev1.pdf</u>, calculates 5.68523302 E 16 kg/yr mass increases. Ciechanowitz and Kozier calculated 2.8 E 16 kg/yr in 1994.

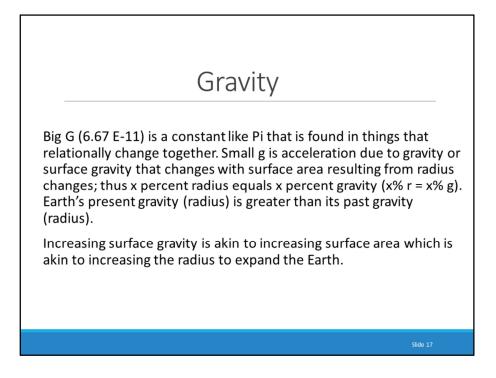
Giancarlo Scalera calculated 1.37 E 16 kg/yr in 2003.

James Maxlow calculated 6.0 E 16 kg/yr in 2003.

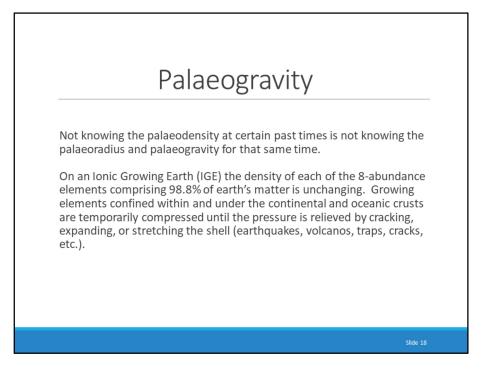


DENSITY- From the time Earth formed into a gravitational ball ~4500 mya, the planet's density remained nearly constant with each of the 8-abundance elements growing at certain times. Iron, for example, does not change its density when doubling in mass nor does the percentage change. The volume of iron automatically increases proportionally with added mass. The original elemental matter merely grows larger while it's mass per unit volume (density) remains constant. Also, growing larger does not change the initial 32.1% iron. It's just a bigger and heavier 32.1%. A radius doubling would delineate 87.5% of the planet as new matter. Importing such new mass or particles with unknown densities would change the original abundance elements as well as their percentages. Growing the primordial abundance elements with unchanging densities eliminates many assumptions and suppositions in that no new matter is created or imported.

A slide presentation indicating how changes in lag time affects density, gravity, and radius curves in relationship to the mass curve can be downloaded here: <u>https://ionic-expanding-earth.weebly.com/lagging-radius-and-palaeodensity.html</u>



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The expansions changing the density of chemical compounds and minerals (the building blocks of rocks) formed naturally by successive stages of elemental ionization within the earth are likewise suppressed by the high temperatures and pressures encountered in the core and mantle. When the temperatures and pressures are relieved in the upper mantle or crust, these combined elements and minerals structurally expand revealing specific densities.

The colors on the Rainbow Map display the sequential placement of density layers where an ocean floor cracks and spreads apart. These shell layers also involve combinational joining of growing elements and minerals displaying molecular volume increases that changes density. A better geological chronology may be obtained when the origin of the heat and pressures within the planet (the cause) becomes known. See https://ionic-expanding-earth.weebly.com/rainbow-map-analysis.html

Except in the crust and upper-most mantle found in the outermost 1% of earth's radius (~64 km), the density of the planet is unchanging. Using the atomic mass of the abundance elements and knowing when each is growing and not growing (see Fig. 1r in the above link) as exemplified by their Ionization Potentials, one can retrodict the radius and surface gravity based upon the growing mass for any geological time determined by radiometric dating or other means when ignoring density. In this manner, density would equal unity (1) and percent gravity equaling percent radius (x% g = x% r) would be at least 99% accurate. Additional accuracy could be obtained using (x) % gravity equaling (x-1) % radius for a slightly larger earth that includes mineral expansions; i.e. 50% g = 49% r. Inflating the radius has zero effect on gravity.

Cosmic Background Radiation

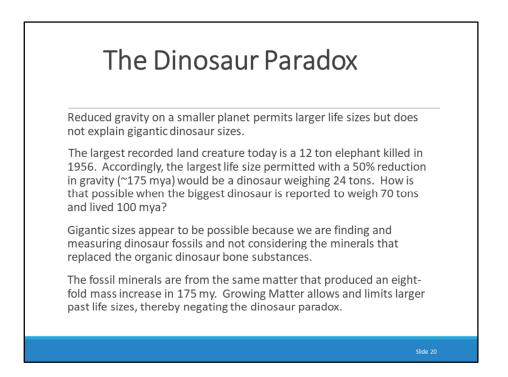
The KELVIN units of CBR indicate it is measuring temperature... 2.73 degrees above absolute zero which is the average temperature of the vacant space in the universe. The temperature is very low because the growing celestial bodies are expanding orbits and volumes at rates faster than the heat generated by all the stars and elsewhere, thereby diluting the temperature.

The entropy of the universe is increasing and, since heat always flows from warmer to cooler, its temperature is diluted by the rapidly increasing space.

Entropy is heat or energy change per degree Kelvin temperature.

Penzias and Wilson discovered microwave radiation (1965) which theoretical physicist attribute to a remnant of the Big Bang. The measurements of cosmic background radiation as combined with Hubble's earlier finding that the galaxies are rushing away, makes a strong case for the Big Bang. However, the discovery of the accelerating expansion of the universe (2011) among other things, nullifies the BB theory.

The heat producing the CBR temperatures appears to be that rarefied (obscure) and highly elastic substance permeating space, sometimes called aether.



Dinosaur fossils were found in French gypsum quarries (calcium sulfide). Belgian coal miners discovered remains that turned into pyrite (iron sulfide or "fools gold") when exposed to moisture. Discoveries in Colorado and Wyoming produced silicified bone (silicon). Magnesium rich fossils were found in Calgary. Growing fossils with corresponding mineral elements mimic the adjacent area of earth's growing crust.

Gravity and the largest land animal found on the planet today...a 12 ton elephant... demystifies the dinosaur paradox. The biggest dinosaur possible could not weigh more than 30 tons at 40% gravity (12 t / 0.40 g) or 24 tons at 50% gravity (12 t / 0.50 g) or 20 tons at 60% gravity (12 t / 0.60 g). The only point of contention would be defining the time of the gravity percentage. Since geologist are fairly accurate at ageing dinosaur fossils, the problem shifts to finding the gravity (or radius) at the ages when dinosaurs roamed the planet (~250 mya to 66 mya).

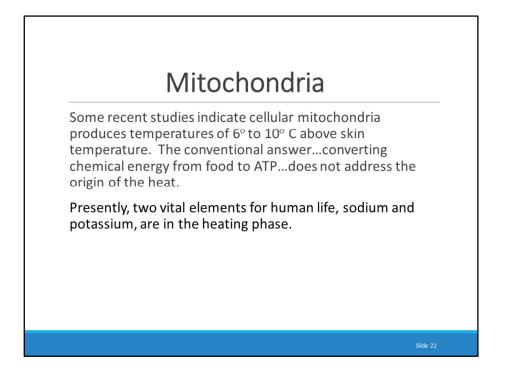
The graph on Slide 12 indicates 40% g at 240 mya, 50% g at 175 mya, and 60% g at 130 mya for the Growing Earth Model and 40% g at 370 mya, 50% g at 240 mya, and 60% g at 170 mya for the Expansion Tectonics Model.

Reduced surface gravity of the past (palaeogravity), within limitations, permits larger life sizes. A gigantic dinosaur weighing 60 tons could paradoxically exist at some Cambrian or pre-Cambrian time (+500 mya) when gravity was 20% of present (60 t x 0.20 g = 12 tons).

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EARTH - TABLE 4R - VARIABLE MASS GROWTH RATES FROM IONIZATIONS of the 8 ELEMENTS										
	Duration	% total						x	%	%
MY	t (CMY)	earth	Element	Rate/≈eV	у	Mass/y ^t (kg)	% of Current	(In 2/In y) MY	growing	heating
0	0.189	98.8%	0	0	4.05379	5.98000E+24	100.00%	49.5228	98.8%	0.0%
18.9	0.051	-1.5%	-Ća	-0.04018	4.01361	4.59003E+24	76.76%	49.8778	97.3%	1.5%
24.0	0.214	-13.9%	-Mg	-0.61396	3.39965	4.27597E+24	71.50%	56.6448	83.4%	15.4%
45.4	0.266	-1.4%	-Al	-0.05570	3.34395	3.29085E+24	55.03%	57.4200	82.0%	16.8%
72.0	0.092	-15.1%	-Si	-0.57718	2.76677	2.38701E+24	39.92%	68.1106	66.9%	31.9%
81.2	0.466	1.5%	+Ća	0.04018	2.80695	2.17367E+24	36.35%	67.1591	68.4%	30.4%
127.8	0.127	13.9%	+Mg	0.61396	3.42091	1.34374E+24	22.47%	56.3578	82.3%	16.5%
140.5	0.509	-2.9%	-S	-0.09710	3.32380	1.14942E+24	19.22%	57.7089	79.4%	19.4%
191.4	0.289	1.4%	+AI	0.05570	3.37950	6.23689E+23	10.43%	56.9213	80.8%	18.0%
220.3	0.207	-30.1%	-0 x 75%	-1.51476	1.86474	4.38662E+23	7.34%	111.2377	50.7%	48.1%
241.0	0.250	-32.1%	-Fe	-0.61707	1.24767	3.85577E+23	6.45%	313.2457	18.6%	80.2% 🗲
266.0	0.710	15.1%	+Si	0.57718	1.82486	3.64827E+23	6.10%	115.2362	33.7%	65.1% 🗲
337.0	0.211	-1.5%	-Ća	-0.04018	1.78468	2.38020E+23	3.98%	119.6656	32.2%	66.6% 🛑
358.1	0.168	-1.8%	-Ni	-0.03292	1.75176	2.10637E+23	3.52%	123.6396	30.4%	68.4%
374.9	0.732	32.1%	+Fe	0.61707	2.36883	1.91704E+23	3.21%	80.3747	62.5%	36.3%
448.1	0.643	2.9%	+S	0.09710	2.46593	1.01970E+23	1.71%	76.7971	65.4%	33.4%
512.4	0.739	1.8%	+Ni	0.03292	2.49885	5.70729E+22	0.95%	75.6851	67.2%	31.6%
586.3	1.189	-13.9%	-Mg	-0.61396	1.88489	2.90068E+22	0.49%	109.3516	53.3%	45.5%
705.2	0.757	-1.4%	-Al	-0.05570	1.82919	1.36516E+22	0.23%	114.7834	51.9%	46.9%
780.9	0.542	-32.1%	-Fe	-0.61707	1.21212	8.64279E+21	0.14%	360.3164	19.8%	79.0%

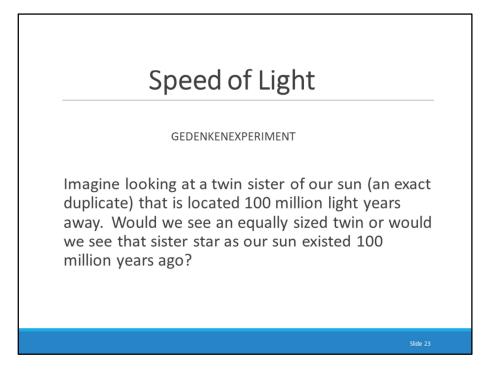
The red arrows pointing to the last column (% heating) indicates an extensive heating period between 358 MYA and 241 MYA that materially intensified for the 25 MY period between 266 MYA and 241 MYA. In the light of today's global heating debate where a few degrees rise in temperature in a few decades (or centuries) is considered highly detrimental to life by many, envision 25 million years of increasing heat with very small incremental increases in temperatures and its affect upon all life on the planet.

Coincidentally, the intensified heating culminated near the Permian-Triassic boundary (250 MYA); the geological time of the world's greatest extinction. Consequently, geologists should consider excessive heating as a cause for that event. The Geological Record indicates the first dinosaurs appeared ~250 mya indicating reptilian life survived and thrived in a warm climate on a warm crust.



Is it possible that heat is being extracted from those two elements? I don't have a physical chemistry answer, but it is something to think about when each atom's decay energy of one electron volt is equivalent to producing a 11,604.5 Kelvin temperature (over a 1.6 MY period).

Similar studies on snakes, reptiles, or hibernating animals would be interesting.



If the universe were not expanding, the twins would be the same size. If the universe is expanding, then everything within would be getting larger and we would see a younger, smaller star at that distance. The graph on Slide 13 indicates a size that was around 30% of the sun's present radius and about 10% of its present mass at that past time.

As usual, physicists and cosmologists attribute **dark matter** to the missing 90% gravitational mass. However, such logic misses the 100 million years of hydrogen growth when viewing the smaller, dimmer sun in an earlier time frame where the speed of light measures both time and distance.

Conclusions

The law of conservation of matter and energy states that matter can neither be created nor destroyed. $E = mc^2$ states that the amount of potential energy possessed by an object is equal to its mass multiplied by the square of the speed of light. In addition, the equation indicates that energy and mass are interchangeable. Energy can convert to mass and mass can convert to energy.

The same *inherent* energy (not potential energy) that pulsates the spectral frequency and wave length signals from an elemental atom is not lost or destroyed. Instead, such energy, at certain times converts to grow the elemental mass and at other times converts to heating the elemental mass.

Every celestial body in the universe is composed of elemental atoms. Eight elements comprise 98.8% of earth's matter; six elements comprise 98.0% of moon's matter; and five elements comprise 99.57% of the sun's matter. From the abundance elements, one can determine the rate of energy decay (ageing) of each body. When the heating phases of each abundance element is excluded, only the exponentially growing mass remains to size the earth and retrofit palaeogravity. The heating phases account for the source and time when our planet was molten, contradicting current presumed knowledge.

Knowing earth's rate of decay (ageing) brings a new understanding by establishing the time of occurrence for each Ionization Potential (IP) listed in Charlotte Moore's NBS-34 Tables (<u>https://digital.library.unt.edu/ark:/67531/metadc100707/m1/1/</u>). Among other things, it provides the geological time when an element may join other elements.

In essence, growing elements (atoms) increasing the mass in all celestial bodies enlarges the universe per Newton's inverse square law while confirming $E = mc^2$ (energy converting to equivalent mass). Comprehending growing rocks or fossils or when water initially formed on earth however, are matters that neither physics nor chemistry nor geology adequately answers.



RECOMMENDED:

S. W. Carey - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Othb0xsvZb4</u>

Neal Adams - http://nealadams.com/science-videos/

Dominik Katona - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a2rfeoCMbyg</u>

Ionic earth website: https://ionic-expanding-earth.weebly.com/